



Safety Data Sheet

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SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3M™ Throttle Plate & Carb Cleaner, 08867, 08989

Product Identification Numbers

| | | | |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| ID Number | UPC | ID Number | UPC |
| 60-4550-5229-4 | | 60-4550-5443-1 | 00051135088678 |
| 60-4550-6488-5 | 00051135089897 | 60-4550-6927-2 | 00051135088678 |

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Automotive

1.3. Supplier's details

| | |
|----------------------|---|
| MANUFACTURER: | 3M |
| DIVISION: | Automotive Aftermarket |
| ADDRESS: | 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA |
| Telephone: | 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577) |

1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

The label elements below were prepared in accordance with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. This information may be different from the actual product label information for labels regulated by other agencies.

2.1. Hazard classification

Flammable Aerosol: Category 2.
Gas Under Pressure: Liquefied gas.
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A.
Aspiration Hazard: Category 1.
Reproductive Toxicity: Category 1B.
Carcinogenicity: Category 2.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 1.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 1.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Danger

Symbols

Flame | Gas cylinder | Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

Pictograms



Hazard Statements

Flammable aerosol.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Suspected of causing cancer.

Causes damage to organs:

sensory organs |

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure:

nervous system |

sensory organs |

Precautionary Statements

General:

Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response:

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage:

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50C/122F.
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

45% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| Ingredient | C.A.S. No. | % by Wt |
|--|------------|------------------------|
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | 30 - 60 Trade Secret * |
| Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates | 64742-47-8 | 30 - 60 Trade Secret * |
| Carbon Dioxide | 124-38-9 | 1 - 10 Trade Secret * |
| Diacetone Alcohol | 123-42-2 | 1 - 10 Trade Secret * |
| Methyl Acetate | 79-20-9 | 1 - 10 Trade Secret * |
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | 1 - 10 Trade Secret * |
| Xylene | 1330-20-7 | 1 - 10 Trade Secret * |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 0.1 - 1 Trade Secret * |

Any remaining components do not contribute to the hazards of this material.

*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures**4.1. Description of first aid measures****Inhalation:**

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Wash with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Do not induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

Use a fire fighting agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

If possible, seal leaking container. Place leaking containers in a well-ventilated area, preferably an operating exhaust hood, or if necessary outdoors on an impermeable surface until appropriate packaging for the leaking container or its contents is available. Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. An appropriate aqueous film forming foam (AFFF) is recommended. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage**7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Do not use in a confined area with minimal air exchange. Keep out of reach of children. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50C/122F. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidizing agents.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**8.1. Control parameters****Occupational exposure limits**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

| Ingredient | C.A.S. No. | Agency | Limit type | Additional Comments |
|----------------------|-------------------|---------------|--|------------------------------------|
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | ACGIH | TWA:20 ppm | A3: Confirmed animal carcin. |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | OSHA | TWA:435 mg/m3(100 ppm) | |
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | ACGIH | TWA:20 ppm | A4: Not class. as human carcin |
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | OSHA | TWA:200 ppm;CEIL:300 ppm | |
| Diacetone Alcohol | 123-42-2 | ACGIH | TWA:50 ppm | |
| Diacetone Alcohol | 123-42-2 | OSHA | TWA:240 mg/m3(50 ppm) | |
| Carbon Dioxide | 124-38-9 | ACGIH | TWA:5000 ppm;STEL:30000 ppm | |
| Carbon Dioxide | 124-38-9 | OSHA | TWA:9000 mg/m3(5000 ppm) | |
| Xylene | 1330-20-7 | ACGIH | TWA:100 ppm;STEL:150 ppm | A4: Not class. as human carcin |
| Xylene | 1330-20-7 | OSHA | TWA:435 mg/m3(100 ppm) | |
| Kerosine (petroleum) | 64742-47-8 | ACGIH | TWA(as total hydrocarbon vapor, non-aerosol):200 mg/m3 | A3: Confirmed animal carcin., SKIN |
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | ACGIH | TWA:250 ppm;STEL:500 ppm | A4: Not class. as human carcin |
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | OSHA | TWA:2400 mg/m3(1000 ppm) | |
| Methyl Acetate | 79-20-9 | ACGIH | TWA:200 ppm;STEL:250 ppm | |
| Methyl Acetate | 79-20-9 | OSHA | TWA:610 mg/m3(200 ppm) | |

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Full Face Shield

Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Full facepiece supplied-air respirator

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors

Organic vapor respirators may have short service life.

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| | |
|--|---|
| General Physical Form: | Liquid In aerosol container |
| Specific Physical Form: | Aerosol |
| Odor, Color, Grade: | Clear amber liquid with solvent odor |
| Odor threshold | <i>No Data Available</i> |
| pH | <i>Not Applicable</i> |
| Melting point | <i>No Data Available</i> |
| Boiling Point | 132 °F - 550 °F |
| Flash Point | -4 °F [<i>Test Method</i> :Tagliabue Closed Cup] |
| Evaporation rate | >=1 [<i>Ref Std</i> :BUOAC=1] |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not Applicable |
| Flammable Limits(LEL) | 1 % |
| Flammable Limits(UEL) | 16 % |
| Vapor Pressure | <i>No Data Available</i> |
| Vapor Pressure | <i>No Data Available</i> |
| Vapor Density | <i>No Data Available</i> |
| Density | 0.8351 g/ml |
| Specific Gravity | 0.8351 [<i>Ref Std</i> :WATER=1] |
| Solubility In Water | <i>No Data Available</i> |
| Solubility in Water | Negligible |
| Solubility- non-water | <i>No Data Available</i> |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water | <i>No Data Available</i> |
| Autoignition temperature | <i>No Data Available</i> |
| Decomposition temperature | <i>No Data Available</i> |
| Viscosity | <i>No Data Available</i> |
| Hazardous Air Pollutants | 0 lb HAPS/lb solids [<i>Test Method</i> :Calculated] |
| Volatile Organic Compounds | <= 10 % weight [<i>Test Method</i> :calculated per CARB title 2] |
| Volatile Organic Compounds | 403 g/l [<i>Test Method</i> :calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] |
| Percent volatile | 92.7 % weight |
| VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents | 750 g/l [<i>Test Method</i> :calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] |

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Sparks and/or flames
Heat

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents
Reducing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

| <u>Substance</u> | <u>Condition</u> |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Carbon monoxide | Not Specified |
| Carbon dioxide | Not Specified |

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects**Signs and Symptoms of Exposure**

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin Contact:

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

Eye Contact:

Severe Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

Ingestion:

Chemical (Aspiration) Pneumonitis: Signs/symptoms may include coughing, gasping, choking, burning of the mouth, difficulty breathing, bluish colored skin (cyanosis), and may be fatal.

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:**Single exposure may cause target organ effects:**

Auditory Effects: Signs/symptoms may include hearing impairment, balance dysfunction and ringing in the ears.

Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Ocular Effects: Signs/symptoms may include blurred or significantly impaired vision.

Auditory Effects: Signs/symptoms may include hearing impairment, balance dysfunction and ringing in the ears.

Olfactory Effects: Signs/symptoms may include decreased ability to detect odors and/or complete loss of smell.

Neurological Effects: Signs/symptoms may include personality changes, lack of coordination, sensory loss, tingling or numbness of the extremities, weakness, tremors, and/or changes in blood pressure and heart rate.

Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

| Ingredient | CAS No. | Class Description | Regulation |
|-------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | Grp. 2B: Possible human carc. | International Agency for Research on Cancer |

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|--|--------------------------------|----------------|--|
| Overall product | Dermal | | No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg |
| Overall product | Inhalation-Vapor(4 hr) | | No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l |
| Overall product | Ingestion | | No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg |
| Acetone | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 15,688 mg/kg |
| Acetone | Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 76 mg/l |
| Acetone | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 5,800 mg/kg |
| Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 3,160 mg/kg |
| Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates | Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 > 3 mg/l |
| Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Carbon Dioxide | Inhalation-Gas (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 > 53,000 ppm |
| Toluene | Dermal | Rat | LD50 12,000 mg/kg |
| Toluene | Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 30 mg/l |
| Toluene | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 5,550 mg/kg |
| Methyl Acetate | Dermal | Rat | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| Methyl Acetate | Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 > 49 mg/l |
| Methyl Acetate | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Diacetone Alcohol | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 13,645 mg/kg |
| Diacetone Alcohol | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 4,000 mg/kg |
| Xylene | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 4,200 mg/kg |
| Xylene | Inhalation- | Rat | LC50 29 mg/l |

| | | | |
|--------------|----------------------------|--------|-------------------|
| | Vapor (4 hours) | | |
| Xylene | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 3,523 mg/kg |
| Ethylbenzene | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 15,433 mg/kg |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 17.4 mg/l |
| Ethylbenzene | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 4,769 mg/kg |

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

| Name | Species | Value |
|--|---------|---------------------------|
| Acetone | Mouse | Minimal irritation |
| Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| Toluene | Rabbit | Irritant |
| Methyl Acetate | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Diacetone Alcohol | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Xylene | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| Ethylbenzene | Rabbit | Mild irritant |

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

| Name | Species | Value |
|--|---------|-------------------|
| Acetone | Rabbit | Severe irritant |
| Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| Toluene | Rabbit | Moderate irritant |
| Methyl Acetate | Rabbit | Moderate irritant |
| Diacetone Alcohol | Rabbit | Severe irritant |
| Xylene | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| Ethylbenzene | Rabbit | Moderate irritant |

Skin Sensitization

| Name | Species | Value |
|--|------------|----------------|
| Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates | Guinea pig | Not classified |
| Toluene | Guinea pig | Not classified |
| Methyl Acetate | Human | Not classified |
| Ethylbenzene | Human | Not classified |

Respiratory Sensitization

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

| Name | Route | Value |
|--|----------|--|
| Acetone | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| Acetone | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Toluene | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Toluene | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| Methyl Acetate | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Methyl Acetate | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| Diacetone Alcohol | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Xylene | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Xylene | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| Ethylbenzene | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| Ethylbenzene | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |

Carcinogenicity

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|--|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| Acetone | Not Specified | Multiple animal species | Not carcinogenic |
| Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates | Dermal | Mouse | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Toluene | Dermal | Mouse | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Toluene | Ingestion | Rat | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Toluene | Inhalation | Mouse | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Xylene | Dermal | Rat | Not carcinogenic |
| Xylene | Ingestion | Multiple animal species | Not carcinogenic |
| Xylene | Inhalation | Human | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | Multiple animal species | Carcinogenic |

Reproductive Toxicity**Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects**

| Name | Route | Value | Species | Test Result | Exposure Duration |
|-------------------|------------|--|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| Acetone | Ingestion | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 1,700 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Acetone | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 5.2 mg/l | during organogenesis |
| Carbon Dioxide | Inhalation | Not classified for male reproduction | Mouse | LOAEL 350,000 ppm | not available |
| Carbon Dioxide | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Rat | LOAEL 60,000 ppm | 24 hours |
| Toluene | Inhalation | Not classified for female reproduction | Human | NOAEL Not available | occupational exposure |
| Toluene | Inhalation | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 2.3 mg/l | 1 generation |
| Toluene | Ingestion | Toxic to development | Rat | LOAEL 520 mg/kg/day | during gestation |
| Toluene | Inhalation | Toxic to development | Human | NOAEL Not available | poisoning and/or abuse |
| Diacetone Alcohol | Ingestion | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day | prematuring & during gestation |
| Diacetone Alcohol | Ingestion | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day | prematuring & during gestation |
| Diacetone Alcohol | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day | prematuring & during gestation |
| Xylene | Inhalation | Not classified for female reproduction | Human | NOAEL Not available | occupational exposure |
| Xylene | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Mouse | NOAEL Not available | during organogenesis |
| Xylene | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Multiple animal species | NOAEL Not available | during gestation |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 4.3 mg/l | prematuring & during gestation |

Lactation

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|--------|-----------|---------|--|
| Xylene | Ingestion | Mouse | Not classified for effects on or via lactation |

Target Organ(s)**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure**

| Name | Route | Target Organ(s) | Value | Species | Test Result | Exposure Duration |
|--|------------|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| Acetone | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
| Acetone | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
| Acetone | Inhalation | immune system | Not classified | Human | NOAEL 1.19 mg/l | 6 hours |
| Acetone | Inhalation | liver | Not classified | Guinea pig | NOAEL Not available | |
| Acetone | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human | NOAEL Not available | poisoning and/or abuse |
| Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human and animal | NOAEL Not available | |
| Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | | NOAEL Not available | |
| Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Professional judgement | NOAEL Not available | |
| Toluene | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
| Toluene | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
| Toluene | Inhalation | immune system | Not classified | Mouse | NOAEL 0.004 mg/l | 3 hours |
| Toluene | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human | NOAEL Not available | poisoning and/or abuse |
| Methyl Acetate | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human and animal | NOAEL Not available | |
| Methyl Acetate | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | May cause respiratory irritation | Human and animal | NOAEL Not available | |
| Methyl Acetate | Inhalation | blindness | Not classified | | NOAEL Not available | |
| Methyl Acetate | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | | NOAEL Not available | |
| Diacetone Alcohol | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Multiple animal species | NOAEL Not available | |
| Diacetone Alcohol | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
| Diacetone Alcohol | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human and animal | NOAEL Not available | |
| Diacetone Alcohol | Ingestion | blood | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | LOAEL 1,882 mg/kg | not applicable |
| Diacetone Alcohol | Ingestion | liver | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 1,882 mg/kg | not applicable |

| | | | | | | |
|--------------|------------|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| Xylene | Inhalation | auditory system | Causes damage to organs | Rat | LOAEL 6.3 mg/l | 8 hours |
| Xylene | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
| Xylene | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
| Xylene | Inhalation | eyes | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 3.5 mg/l | not available |
| Xylene | Inhalation | liver | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL Not available | |
| Xylene | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Multiple animal species | NOAEL Not available | |
| Xylene | Ingestion | eyes | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 250 mg/kg | not applicable |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human and animal | NOAEL Not available | |
| Ethylbenzene | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Professional judgement | NOAEL Not available | |

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

| Name | Route | Target Organ(s) | Value | Species | Test Result | Exposure Duration |
|----------------|------------|---|----------------|------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| Acetone | Dermal | eyes | Not classified | Guinea pig | NOAEL Not available | 3 weeks |
| Acetone | Inhalation | hematopoietic system | Not classified | Human | NOAEL 3 mg/l | 6 weeks |
| Acetone | Inhalation | immune system | Not classified | Human | NOAEL 1.19 mg/l | 6 days |
| Acetone | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Guinea pig | NOAEL 119 mg/l | not available |
| Acetone | Inhalation | heart liver | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 45 mg/l | 8 weeks |
| Acetone | Ingestion | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 900 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Acetone | Ingestion | heart | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Acetone | Ingestion | hematopoietic system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Acetone | Ingestion | liver | Not classified | Mouse | NOAEL 3,896 mg/kg/day | 14 days |
| Acetone | Ingestion | eyes | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 3,400 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Acetone | Ingestion | respiratory system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Acetone | Ingestion | muscles | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg | 13 weeks |
| Acetone | Ingestion | skin bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair | Not classified | Mouse | NOAEL 11,298 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Carbon Dioxide | Inhalation | heart bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair liver nervous system kidney and/or bladder respiratory system | Not classified | Rat | LOAEL 60,000 ppm | 166 days |

| | | | | | | |
|-------------------|------------|---|--|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Toluene | Inhalation | auditory system nervous system eyes olfactory system | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure | Human | NOAEL Not available | poisoning and/or abuse |
| Toluene | Inhalation | respiratory system | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | LOAEL 2.3 mg/l | 15 months |
| Toluene | Inhalation | heart liver kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 11.3 mg/l | 15 weeks |
| Toluene | Inhalation | endocrine system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 1.1 mg/l | 4 weeks |
| Toluene | Inhalation | immune system | Not classified | Mouse | NOAEL Not available | 20 days |
| Toluene | Inhalation | bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair | Not classified | Mouse | NOAEL 1.1 mg/l | 8 weeks |
| Toluene | Inhalation | hematopoietic system vascular system | Not classified | Human | NOAEL Not available | occupational exposure |
| Toluene | Inhalation | gastrointestinal tract | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 11.3 mg/l | 15 weeks |
| Toluene | Ingestion | nervous system | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL 625 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Toluene | Ingestion | heart | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Toluene | Ingestion | liver kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Toluene | Ingestion | hematopoietic system | Not classified | Mouse | NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day | 14 days |
| Toluene | Ingestion | endocrine system | Not classified | Mouse | NOAEL 105 mg/kg/day | 28 days |
| Toluene | Ingestion | immune system | Not classified | Mouse | NOAEL 105 mg/kg/day | 4 weeks |
| Methyl Acetate | Inhalation | respiratory system | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL 1.1 mg/l | 28 days |
| Methyl Acetate | Inhalation | endocrine system hematopoietic system liver immune system kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 6.1 mg/l | 28 days |
| Diacetone Alcohol | Inhalation | blood liver kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 4.5 mg/l | 6 weeks |
| Diacetone Alcohol | Ingestion | endocrine system blood liver kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | 44 days |
| Xylene | Inhalation | nervous system | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure | Rat | LOAEL 0.4 mg/l | 4 weeks |
| Xylene | Inhalation | auditory system | May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure | Rat | LOAEL 7.8 mg/l | 5 days |
| Xylene | Inhalation | liver | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL Not available | |
| Xylene | Inhalation | heart endocrine system gastrointestinal tract hematopoietic system muscles kidney and/or bladder respiratory system | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 3.5 mg/l | 13 weeks |
| Xylene | Ingestion | auditory system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 900 | 2 weeks |

| | | | | | mg/kg/day | |
|--------------|------------|--|--|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Xylene | Ingestion | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 1,500 mg/kg/day | 90 days |
| Xylene | Ingestion | liver | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL Not available | |
| Xylene | Ingestion | heart skin endocrine system bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair hematopoietic system immune system nervous system respiratory system | Not classified | Mouse | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | 103 weeks |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL 1.1 mg/l | 2 years |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | liver | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Mouse | NOAEL 1.1 mg/l | 103 weeks |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | hematopoietic system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 3.4 mg/l | 28 days |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | auditory system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 2.4 mg/l | 5 days |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | endocrine system | Not classified | Mouse | NOAEL 3.3 mg/l | 103 weeks |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | gastrointestinal tract | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 3.3 mg/l | 2 years |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair muscles | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 4.2 mg/l | 90 days |
| Ethylbenzene | Inhalation | heart immune system respiratory system | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 3.3 mg/l | 2 years |
| Ethylbenzene | Ingestion | liver kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 680 mg/kg/day | 6 months |

Aspiration Hazard

| Name | Value |
|--|-------------------|
| Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates | Aspiration hazard |
| Toluene | Aspiration hazard |
| Xylene | Aspiration hazard |
| Ethylbenzene | Aspiration hazard |

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information**Ecotoxicological information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Facility must be capable of handling aerosol cans. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit <http://3M.com/Transportinfo> or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information**15.1. US Federal Regulations**

Contact 3M for more information.

EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:**Physical Hazards**

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

Gas under pressure

Health Hazards

Aspiration Hazard

Carcinogenicity

Reproductive toxicity

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

| <u>Ingredient</u> | <u>C.A.S. No</u> | <u>% by Wt</u> |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | Trade Secret 1 - 10 |
| Xylene | 1330-20-7 | Trade Secret 1 - 10 |
| Xylene (Benzene, dimethyl-) | 1330-20-7 | 1 - 10 |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | Trade Secret 0.1 - 1 |

15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

California Proposition 65

| <u>Ingredient</u> | <u>C.A.S. No.</u> | <u>Listing</u> |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | Carcinogen |
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | Developmental Toxin |

15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

Contact 3M for more information.

15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

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| This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. |
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SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 2 **Flammability:** 3 **Instability:** 0 **Special Hazards:** None
Aerosol Storage Code: 2

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

| | | | |
|------------------------|-----------|-------------------------|----------|
| Document Group: | 29-1551-0 | Version Number: | 3.01 |
| Issue Date: | 06/04/18 | Supersedes Date: | 03/25/15 |

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